Date prepared: 01/06/2002

Date revised: No 3

GENERAL PURPOSE EPOXY HARDENER



ABL (STEVENS) Resin & Glass Unit 4, Millbuck Way, Springvale Industrial Estate, Sandbach, Cheshire, CW11 3HT Tel/Fax: 01270 766685

1. Identification of the product and the company.

Substance or preparation trade name: GENERAL PURPOSE EPOXY HARDENER Unique reference numbers(s): Company/undertaking name & address: As above

Telephone: 01270 766685 Emergency telephone number:

2.	Information on ingred	ients			
	Substance Name	Value	CAS No	Symbol	R-Phrases
	Benzyl alcohol	25%	100-51-6	Xn	R20/22
	Paratertarybutylphenol	20%	98-54-4	XI	R36/37/38
	Benzene-1.3-dimethanamine	15%	1477-55-0	С	R20/22/35
	Trimethylhexamethylenediamine	10%	25620-58-0	С	R22/34/43/52/53

3. Hazards Identification

Risk phrases: Environmental hazard: Primary route of exposure: Symptoms relating to use:	May cause sensitization by skin contact. Harmful to aquatic organisms may cause long term adverse effects in aquatic environment.
• Inhalation	Inhalation of vapours/mists or aerosols may severly damage contacted tissue and produce scarring. Dryness of nasal passages may be experienced when material is inhaled over long period of time. There may be a feeling of tightness in the chest with shortness of breath.
 Skin contact 	Contact with skin may cause dryness (defatting), itching and or rash. Product is absorbed through skin and may cause nausea, headache and general discomfort. Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause allergic reaction/sensitization.
• Eye contact	Product vapour in low concentrations can cause lacrimation, conjunctivitis and corneal edemna when absorbed in the tissue of the eye from the atmosphere. Burns to the eye may cause blindness. Contact of diluted product with the eyes or skin quickly causes severe irritation and pain and may cause burns, necrosis and permanent injury.
 Ingestion 	severe ingestion hazard, sore throat, burning sensation, abdominal pain.

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place in recovery position. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible. Skin contact: Remove all items of clothing and footwear unless stuck to skin. Drenc water for 10 minutes or longer if material still on skin. Transfer to hos poisoning. DO NOT APPLY GREASE OR OINTMENTS. or poisoning. DO NOT APPLY GREASE OR OINTMENTS. Eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Contact ophth If conscious give 1 pint of water and drink immediately. If unconsciou artificial respiration if needed. Transfer to hospital as soor in recovery position do not induce vomiting. If substance states are stated as a substance state and states are stated as a substance state.	to, if conscious ensure the casualty provide oxygen if available. If conscious and breathing is normal
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Ingestion: If conscious give 1 pint of water and drink immediately. If unconsciou artificial respiration if needed. Transfer to hospital as soor	nologist immediately.
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in recovery position do not induce voluting. It substances	allowed is corrosive, give 1 cup of
water to drink every 10 minutes.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

5. Fire fighting measures

	Suitable extinguishing media:	In case of large fire: water spray. Alcohol or polymer foam, in case of small fire carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder dry sand or limestone.
	Exposure hazards:	May generate toxic, irritating or flammable combustion products. In combustion emits toxic fumes of nitrogen oxides. Contact of liquid with skin must be prevented. May generate carbon monoxide and ammonia gas. A sudden reaction and fire may result if product is mixed with and oxidizing agent. Personnel in the vicinity and downwind should be evacuated.
contact	Protection of firefighters:	wear self- contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent with skin and eyes. A face shield should be worn. Retain expended liquids from fire fighting for later disposal.
	Special procedures:	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions:	Spill should be handled by trained personnel properly equipped with respiratory and eye protection.
Environmental precautions:	Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.
Methods for cleaning:	Clean up any spills as soon as possible, using an absorbent material to collect it, use suitable disposable containers

7. Handling and storage

Precautions in handling and storage:	avoid all unnecessary exposure.
Storage:	provide local exhaust or general room ventilation to minimize dust and/or vapour concentrations. Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, approved repiratory equipment is recommended. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store in corrodible metal. Product must be stored at temperatures above 40°F,
	keep from freezing.
Storage away from:	Acids
Handling:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Ensure prompt removal from skin eyes and clothing. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eat, drink or smoke and when leaving work.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal protection

Engineering measures:	Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.
Respiratory protection:	Not required under normal conditions in a well ventilated workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency.
Hand protection:	Neoprene gloves. Impermeable gloves. Butyl gloves. PVC gloves. Nitrile gloves. The breakthrough time of the selected gloves(s) must be greater than the intended use period.
Eye protection: Skin protection:	Face-shield- Goggles giving complete protection to eyes and eyewash bottle with clean water. Protective clothing with elasticated cuffs and closed neck. Boots made of PVC.

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9. Physical and chemical properties

State: Colour: Odour: Oxidising: Solubility in water: Boiling point/range°C: Melting point/range°C: Flash poinfC: Part.coeff. n-octanol/water Autoflammability°C: Vapour pressure: Relative density: pH: Liquid Pale yellow Perceptible odour Non-oxidising (by EC criteria) Moderate (1-10%) >200.00 No data > 100.00(closed cup) No data No data mm Hg @ 21C-10.34 0.99 Alkaline

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability: Stable under normal conditions. Strong mineral acids Organic Acids Oxidising agents. Reactive metals Sodium or Calcium Materials to avoid Hypochlorite. CAUTION ! N-Nitrosamines, many of which are known to be potent carcinogens, may be formed when the product comes in contact with nitrous acid, nitrites or atmospheres with high nitrous oxide concentrations. Product slowly corrodes copper, aluminium, zinc and galvanized surfaces. Reaction with peroxides may result in violent decomposition of peroxide possibly creating an explosion. Materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds. Nitrites, agents. A reaction accompanied by large heat release occurs when the product is nitrosating mixed with acids.could cause vigorous boiling creating a hazard due to spashing of hot material. Haz. decomp. products: Nitrogen oxide can react with water vapours to form corrosive nitric acid. In combustion emits toxic fumes of carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide. Ammonia when heated. In combustion emits toxic fumes of nitrogen oxides. Irritating and toxic fumes at elevated temperatures. Nitric acid in a fire. Nitrosamines. Aldehydes. The oxides of nitrogen gases (except nitrous oxide) emitted on decomposition are highly toxic.

11. Toxicological information

Effects of exposure: Routes of exposure: Ingredient 1: Component has caused allergic sensitization in animals. May cause sensitisation by inhalation. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. ORL RAT LD50 1230mg/kg

12. Ecological information

Ecological effects information: LC50-96 Hour-fish (mg/l) 48 hour-EC50-Daphnia magna (mg/l)

No data No data No data

13 Disposal Considerations

Waste disposal:

Disposal of packaging:

Disposal should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific substance. Wear protective clothing during disposal operations. If disposal is by a waste contractor, *make* sure that he has sufficient information and that waste containers are properly labelled. Arrange for collection by specialised disposal company.

NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal.

14. Transport information

ADR / RID

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UN no:	2735
ADR Class:	8
Hazard ID no:	80
Labelling:	8
Shipping name:	AMINES. LIQUID. CORROSIVE. N.O.S
IMDG / IMO	
UN no:	2753
Class:	8
Package group:	11
EmS:	8-05
Marine pollutant:	YES
Labelling:	8
IATA / ICAO	
Un no:	2735
Class:	8
Package group:	11
Packing instructions:	812
Quantity:	301
Labelling:	8
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15. Regulatory information

Symbols:	Corrosive
Risk Phrases:	R52.53 Harmful to aquatic organisms. May cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic
	environment. R43: May cause sensitization by skin contact. R34: Causes burns.
R20/22 Harmful	by inhalation and if swallowed.
Safety Phrases:	S26 In case of contact with eyes rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical
advise.	\$36/37/39: wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye face protection.
	S61: Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions safety data sheets.
	S45: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advise immediately (show label where possible).

Recommendations/restrictions:

The contents and format of this MSDS are in accordance with EEC Commission Directive 2001/58/EC.

None

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